UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

In re Terrorist Attacks on September 11, 2001 03 MDL 1570 (GBD) (SN) ECF Case	
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This document relates to:

Ashton et al. v. al Qaeda Islamic Army, et al., 02-cv-6977 (GBD)(SN) (and member case Burlingame v. Bin Laden, et al., 02-cv-7230 (GBD)(SN))

Ashton, et al. v. Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, 17-cv-02003 (GBN)(SN)

The *Burlingame* Wrongful Death Plaintiffs' Motion for a Supplemental, Partial Final Judgment

For the reasons set forth below, and the exhibits attached to and statements contained in the Declaration of John F. Schutty, Esq. ("Schutty Declaration") and the Declaration of the Personal Representative of the Estate of 9/11 decedent Farrell Lynch, Plaintiff Eileen Lynch, a *Burlingame/Ashton* Plaintiff, by and through her counsel, the Law Office of John F. Schutty, P.C., respectfully move this Court to issue a Supplemental, Partial Final Judgment awarding the Estate of Farrell Lynch: (1) economic damages as described herein and (2) conscious pain and suffering damages (in addition to the *solatium* damages previously awarded to Mrs. Lynch and her three daughters) in the same amounts previously awarded by this Court to other *Ashton* Plaintiffs-Heirs, as well as to other plaintiffs in this consolidated multidistrict litigation against the Islamic Republic of Iran ("Iran"); and (3) prejudgment interest on those

The *Burlingame* (02-cv-7230) and *Ashton* (02-cv-6977) matters were ordered consolidated for liability purposes and mandated to proceed under the *Ashton*, *et al. v. al Qaeda Islamic Army*, *et al.* master docket number 02-cv-6977, with the filing of a consolidated master complaint. *See* 02-cv-6977, Doc. No. 15, entered 11/19/2002. There are 167 *Burlingame* Plaintiffs who bring claims for themselves and/or as representatives of their respective decedents' estates. 108 *Burlingame* Plaintiffs were named in the original *Burlingame* complaint (02-cv-7230) while an estimated additional 59 were named in subsequent amendments to the consolidated *Ashton* complaint (02-cv-6977). The *Burlingame* plaintiffs remain segregated within all consolidated *Ashton* filings and are identified therein according to their separate docket number and counsel. *See*, *e.g.*, 02-cv-6977, Doc. No. 465, filed 03/30/2005.

damages as set forth below; to (4) permit *Burlingame* claimants to submit future applications for punitive damages consistent with any future rulings of this Court; and (5) permit remaining *Burlingame* claimants to submit motions for final judgment in future stages.

This motion is made only on behalf of the appointed Personal Representative and state-recognized heirs of the Estate of Farrell Lynch, and specifically, the individuals and amounts listed in the simultaneously filed "[Proposed] Order of Supplemental, Partial Final Judgment Against Iran on Behalf of a *Burlingame* Plaintiff," in light of this Court's previous order granting permission to allow certain remaining *Burlingame* Plaintiffs to move for this relief. *See* 03-md-1570 (02-cv-6977) (S.D.N.Y.) (GBD) (FM), Doc. No. 3987, filed 04/30/2018.

Having already been awarded a partial judgment for the conscious pain and suffering of their decedent, the awards in the simultaneously filed "Proposed Order" will constitute partial final awards and judgments against the Islamic Republic of Iran in the matter brought by the Personal Representative and state-recognized heirs of the Estate of Farrell Lynch.

I. Procedural Background

Based on evidence and arguments submitted by various plaintiffs in this consolidated multi-district litigation arising out of the September 11, 2001, terror attacks, this Court previously issued a default judgment on liability against Iran to all *Ashton* Plaintiffs (including the *Burlingame* Plaintiffs, including the Personal Representative named as Plaintiff herein)₂ for claims arising out of the deaths of the Plaintiffs' decedents (the "*Ashton* wrongful death Plaintiffs"). *See* 03-md-1570 (02-cv-6977) (S.D.N.Y.) (GBD) (FM), Doc. No. 3008, Entered

Proof of the Islamic Republic of Iran's default in answering the Complaint filed by the *Ashton/Burlingame* Plaintiffs was set forth in the Affidavit of Andrew J. Maloney III sworn to on the 13th day of April 2006 (ECF#524-2 filed 4/28/06 in Case No. 1:02-cv-GBD-SN).

08/26/2015. Thereafter, the *Ashton* wrongful death Plaintiffs (including the *Burlingame* Plaintiffs) moved for partial summary judgment for the conscious pain and suffering that their decedents suffered before death, which a December 28, 2015 Report and Recommendation to this Court recommended be granted, and recommended awarding a default judgment against Iran in the amount of \$7,556,880,000, representing compensatory damages of \$2 million per decedent and punitive damages of \$6.88 million per decedent. *See* 03-md-1570 (02-cv-6977) (S.D.N.Y.) (GBD) (FM), Doc. No. 3175, Entered 12/28/2015. Certain *Ashton* wrongful death Plaintiffs (not including any of the *Burlingame* Plaintiffs) moved for default judgments on economic damages as well. This Court granted those motions. *See*, *e.g.*, 03-md-1570 (02-cv-6977) (S.D.N.Y.) (GBD) (FM), Doc. Nos. 3229, Entered 03/09/2016 (adopting December 28, 2015 Report and Recommendation awarding damages for conscious pain and suffering) and 3356, Entered 10/11/2016 (awarding damages for economic loss).

The Report and Recommendation also concluded that to the extent the *Ashton* wrongful death Plaintiffs' claims arose out of injuries in New York State the rate of prejudgment interest was 9 percent per annum from September 11, 2001, until the date judgment was entered and to the extent the injuries arose elsewhere 4.96 percent interest per annum compounded annually was appropriate. *See* 03-md-1570 (02-cv-6977) (S.D.N.Y.) (GBD) (FM), Doc. No. 3175, Entered 12/28/2015, pp. 1-2. In addition to awarding pre-death conscious pain and suffering in certain wrongful death actions, this Court previously considered the issue of *solatium* damages suffered by certain of the *Ashton* Plaintiffs and the *Havlish* Plaintiffs and the economic damages arising out certain of the *Ashton* Plaintiffs and each of the *Havlish* cases. In connection with a first group of *Ashton* Plaintiffs ("*Ashton I*"), this Court found, among other things, that an award to the immediate family members of each decedent was

proper and that prejudgment interest on the *solatium* loss amounts was warranted. *See* 03-md-1570 (02-cv-6977) (S.D.N.Y.) (GBN) (FM), Doc. No. 2623, Entered 10/03/12. pp. 4-5; 03-md-1570 (S.D.N.Y.) (GBN) (FM), Doc. No. 3300, Filed 06/16/2016, p. 1. The District Court adopted that Report and Recommendation in its entirety in connection with the application made by the *Ashton I* claimants. *See* 03-md-1570 (02-cv-6977) (S.D.N.Y.) (GBD) (FM), Doc. No. 3229, Entered 03/09/2016.

In connection with the motion for final judgment for a different group of plaintiffs, an October 14, 2016 Report and Recommendation disagreed with the prior conclusion on punitive damages and permitted plaintiffs to file supplemental briefing at a later date to justify their claim to punitive damages. See 03-md-1570 (11-cv-7550) Doc. No. 3358, Entered 10/12/201 6, pp. 11-16. The October 14, 2016 Report and Recommendation also adopted a rate of prejudgment interest of 4.96 percent, regardless of where the injuries arose. Id., p. 20. A second group of Ashton Plaintiffs ("Ashton II") moved for final judgment on all claims against the Islamic Republic of Iran, asking to defer the issue of punitive damages and employing the 4.96 percent prejudgment interest rate previously adopted by this Court. See 03-md-1570 (11-cv-7550) Doc. No. 3370, Entered 10/21/2016. On October 31, 2016, this Court granted the Ashton II proposed order. See 03-md-1570 (02-cv-6977), Doc. No. 3387, Entered 10/31/2016. A third group of Ashton Plaintiffs ("Ashton III") then moved for final judgments as well, also employing the 4.96 percent prejudgment interest rate. See Doc. No. 3686, Entered 08/16/2017 (Motion for Final Judgment for Ashton III claimants including claims for solatium damages). On 08/22/2017 this Court granted the Ashton III proposed order. Doc. No. 3706. A fourth group of Ashton Plaintiffs followed ("Ashton IV"), and the Court granted their similar request employing a 4.96 percent prejudgment interest rate. See 03-md-1570 (02-cv-6977), Doc. No. 3977, Entered

04/24/2018 (Motion for Final Judgment for *Ashton IV* claimants including claims for *solatium* damages) Doc. No. 3979 Entered 04/25/2018 (granting proposed order). On April 27, 2018, the first of the *Burlingame* subset of Ashton Plaintiffs moved for final judgments, similarly employing a 4.96 percent prejudgment interest rate. *See* Doc. No. *See* 02-cv-6977, Doc. No. 897, Entered 04/27/2018. The Court granted the *Burlingame* Plaintiffs' proposed order. *See* 03-md-1570 (02 cv-6977) (S.D.N.Y.) (GBD) (FM), Doc. No. 3987, Filed 04/30/2018.

In addition to economic losses, certain Aston Plaintiffs have previously moved this court for solatium damages suffered by those family members allegedly eligible to recover such damages under 28 U.S.C. § 1605A. See 03-md-1570 (02-cv-697), Doc. Nos. 3295, Entered 06/08/2016 (Motion for Final Judgment for Ashton I claimants including claims for solatium damages), 3356, Entered 10/11/2016 (Motion for Final Judgment for Ashton II claimants including claims for solatium damages); 3686, Entered 08/16/2017 (Motion for Final Judgment for Ashton III claimants including claims for solatium damages); and Doc. No. 3977, Entered 04/24/2018 (Motion for Final Judgment for Ashton IV claimants including claims for solatium damages). Thereafter, the first group of Burlingame Plaintiffs moved this court for solatium damages under 28 U.S.C. § 1605A. See Doc. No. See 02-cv-6977, Doc. No. 897, Entered 04/27/2018. This Court granted all these motions, finding that an award to the "immediate family members" of each decedent was proper and, as set forth above, that prejudgment interest on the solatium loss amounts was warranted. See 03- md-1570 (02-cv-6977) (S.D.N.Y.) (GBD) (FM), Doc. Nos. 3300, Entered 06/16/16, 3387, Entered 10/31/2016, 3706, Entered 08/22/2017 and 3987, Filed 04/30/2018.

For the reasons below, as well as those set forth in the prior motions made in *Ashton I*, *Ashton II*, *Ashton III*, *Ashton IV* and the first set of *Burlingame* wrongful death Plaintiffs, the

Personal Representative of the Estate and state-recognized heirs of the Estates of Farrell Lynch described in the "[Proposed] Order of Supplemental, Partial Final Judgment Against Iran on Behalf of a *Burlingame* Plaintiff" now moves this Court to grant the simultaneously filed Proposed Order awarding them economic damages as described below, acknowledging their prior awards for *solatium* losses, and directing that pre-judgment interest be assessed at the rates previously awarded in connection with the *Ashton III*, *Ashton III* and first *Burlingame* Plaintiffs' motions. The remaining *Burlingame* Plaintiffs may ask for permission to continue to submit applications in subsequent stages on behalf of those claimants for whom motions have not been submitted, should other applications be warranted.

II. Damages

Under 28 U.S.C. § 1605A ("Section 1605A"), which applies to the claims against Iran, damages are available under the federal law and state law and include money damages "for personal injury or death." *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1605 A(a)(1) and (c)(4). The damages available to plaintiffs in a Section 1605A action include "economic damages, *solatium*, pain and suffering, and punitive damages." 28 U.S.C. § 1605A(c)(4). That is, the "estates of those who [died] can recover economic losses stemming from wrongful death of the decedent, family members can recover *solatium* for their emotional injury, and all plaintiffs can recover punitive damages." *Valore v. Islamic Republic of Iran*, 700 F. Supp. 2d 52, 83 (D.D.C. 2010). As this Court has

previously held, certain qualified *Ashton* Plaintiffs (Estate heirs3) are therefore entitled to compensation under Section 1605A for the *solatium* and economic losses suffered as a result of the wrongful death of each of their decedents.

A. Solatium Damages

This Court has previously awarded *solatium* damages to the "immediate family members" and state-recognized heirs of Farrell Lynch in the following amounts:

Relationship to Decedent	Solatium Award
Spouse (Eileen Lynch)	\$12,500,000
Each Child	\$8,500,000

B. Economic Damages

The FSIA specifically provides for economic damages. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1605A(c). The economic damages provision is "designed to compensate [a] decedent's heirs-at-law for economic losses which result from [the] decedent's premature death." *Flatow v. Islamic Republic of Iran*, 999 F. Supp. 1, 27 (D.D.C. 1998). Accordingly, "the beneficiaries of

This undersigned explicitly objects to this Court's prior awards of solatium damages to family members who have not proven that they were either state-recognized heirs of their decedents or "immediate family members" of their decedents (i.e., domiciled with the decedent and financially/emotionally dependent on the decedent). In fact, solatium damages are available only to the decedents' "estate, survivors or heirs," described in the Anti-Terrorism Act (the "ATA"), 18 U.S.C. § 2333, as those terms have been defined by applicable state law governing the decedent's estate. See, e.g., Bettis v. Islamic Republic of Iran, 315 F.3d 325 (D.C. Cir. 2003)). In Bettis, the D.C. Circuit found that courts should look to state common law to define the class of plaintiffs for whom solatium damages are available, reasoning that the FSIA terrorism exception provides for the foreign state sponsor of terrorism to be "liable in the same manner and to the same extent as a private individual under like circumstances." and thus instructs courts to "find the relevant law, not to make" federal common law. Bettis, 315 F.3d at 333 (quoting 28 U.S.C. § 1606). State substantive tort law governing estate distribution may apply to claims brought under the FSIA. See, e.g., First Nat'l City Bank v. Banco Para El Comercio Exterior de Cuba, 462 U.S. 611, 622 n. 11, 103 S.Ct. 2591 [2598 n. 11], 77 L.Ed.2d 46 (1983) (finding that under the commercial exceptions to the FSIA, "where state law provides a rule of liability governing private individuals, the FSIA requires the application of that rule to foreign states in like circumstances").

each decedent's estate [are] . . . entitled to recover the present value of economic damages, including lost wages that the decedents might reasonably have been expected to earn but for their wrongful deaths." *Valore v. Islamic Republic of Iran*, 700 F. Supp. 2d 52, 81-82 (D.D.C. 2010), citing *Heiser*, 466 F. Supp. 2d 229. Thus, for example, Royce C. Lamberth of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, in a series of decisions issuing final judgments against the Islamic Republic of Iran under the FSIA, has held Iran "liable for the economic damages caused to decedents' estates." *Roth v. Islamic Republic of Iran*, 78 F. Supp. 3d 379, 399-400 (D.D.C. 2015), quoting *Valore*, 700 F. Supp. 2d at 78.

Previously, this Court awarded economic damages in each Havlish case for the "economic losses stemming from the wrongful death of the decedent[.]" See 03-md-1570 (02-cv-6977) (S.D.N.Y.) (GBD) (FM), Doc. No. 2623, Entered 10/03/12, pp. 2-3. In doing so, it adopted the economic loss calculations set forth in the Havlish plaintiffs' economic expert reports. The Estate of Farrell Lynch respectfully asks this Court to award economic damages set forth in the simultaneously filed "[Proposed] Order of Supplemental, Partial Final Judgment Against Iran on Behalf of a Burlingame Plaintiff" and supported by the Declaration of Eileen Lynch and economic expert report attached as Exhibits A to the Declaration of John F. Schutty, Esq. The Personal Representative listed in the "[Proposed] Order" opted to seek compensation through the September 11 Victim Compensation Fund of 2001 (the "VCF") and in connection with that claim, gathered information relevant to the economic losses suffered as result of her husbanddecedent's wrongful death, which included both documentary evidence of the decedent's earnings as well as interviews with decedent's work colleagues and other witnesses. The Estate of Farrell Lynch retained an expert who has rendered recent opinions as to the economic losses that resulted from the wrongful death of Mr. Lynch. Attached as Exhibit A to the Schutty

Declaration is a copy of that economic expert's report. The expert report includes a description of methodology used and the expert's curriculum vitae.

Accordingly, the Estate of Farrell Lynch respectfully requests that the economic damages as set forth in the attached Exhibit A of the Schutty Declaration be awarded here, which are the figures calculated by the Plaintiff's economic expert as the economic loss suffered as a result of the wrongful deaths of Mr. Farrell Lynch.

C. Prejudgment Interest

Additionally, this set of *Burlingame* Plaintiffs also ask that this Court direct that prejudgment interest of 4.96% running from September 11, 2001 until the date of judgment to the extent that their injuries arose in New York be assessed, as was done previously for the *Ashton II, Ashton III, Ashton IV* and *Burlingame* Plaintiffs, as well as for other plaintiffs in this consolidated litigation.

D. Punitive Damages

Previously, in connection with a motion for final judgment on behalf of other *Ashton* claimants, this Court asked that to expedite issuance of final judgments, they defer decision as to the appropriate quantum of punitive damages. *See* 03-md-1570 (S.D.N.Y.) (GBD)(SN), Doc. No. 3362, Entered 10/14/2016. The *Burlingame* Plaintiff herein asks that this Court allow her to submit future applications for punitive damages consistent with any future ruling of this Court.

III. Conclusion

For all the reasons herein, as well as those set forth in the previous submissions of the *Ashton* Plaintiffs and other plaintiffs, the *Burlingame* Plaintiff herein respectfully requests that this Court grant the "[Proposed] Order of Supplemental, Partial Final Judgments Against Iran on

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Behalf of a Burlingame Plaintiff" and (1) award economic loss damages in the amounts set

forth therein, as supported by the attached economic expert reports and analysis; (2)

acknowledge the award solatium damages to immediate family members as set forth in the

Proposed Order; (3) award the Estate the sum of \$2 million for the conscious pain and suffering

of Farrell Lynch in accordance with this Court's prior orders, (4) direct that prejudgment interest

of 4.96% running from September 11, 2001 until the date of judgment be assessed; (5) permit

Burlingame claimants to submit future applications for punitive damages consistent with any

future ruling of this Court; and (6) permit remaining Burlingame claimants to submit motions for

final judgment in future stages.

Dated: New York, New York December 23, 2019

Respectfully submitted,

LAW OFFICE OF JOHN F. SCHUTTY, P.C.

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